

Critical Analysis of applicability of Artificial Intelligence in the field of Management

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Abstract

The use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in management has gained significant attention in recent years due to its potential to revolutionize the way organizations operate. This review paper provides an overview of the applications of AI in management, as well as its limitations and challenges.

The historical development of AI in management is also discussed, highlighting the gradual evolution from basic rule-based systems to more complex machine learning and deep learning algorithms. The current state of AI adoption in management is presented, with an emphasis on the opportunities and challenges associated with its use. The advantages and disadvantages of AI in management are then examined, with a focus on its potential benefits such as increased efficiency, cost savings, and improved customer engagement, as well as potential disadvantages and challenges such as algorithmic bias and ethical concerns. A comprehensive analysis of the use of AI in management, highlighting both its potential and its limitations. It is hoped that this paper will contribute to a better understanding of the opportunities and challenges associated with the adoption of AI in management and assist organizations in making informed decisions regarding its use.

Keywords: *artificial intelligence (AI), management, data privacy, supply chain management efficiency, cost savings*

I. Introduction

In recent years, Artificial Intelligence (AI) has gained significant attention and has been implemented in various fields. One such area where AI has immense potential is in management. The application of AI in management can lead to numerous benefits such as better decision making, enhanced productivity, reduced costs, and improved customer service. However, the adoption of AI in

management also brings along several limitations and challenges, such as privacy and security concerns, data quality dependence, ethical considerations, and the need for human intervention and collaboration.

The purpose of this paper is to provide a critical analysis of the applicability of AI in the field of management. This review paper will aim to examine the historical development of AI in management, its current state, and its potential future implications. The paper will also look into the various applications of AI in management such as data analytics, decision making, process automation, and customer service. In addition, it will explore the limitations and challenges of AI in management, such as privacy and security concerns, data quality dependence, ethical considerations, and the need for human intervention and collaboration. The results and discussions of this paper will provide an overview of the current state of AI adoption in management, its potential future implications, and the advantages and disadvantages of using AI in management. It will also present success stories and case studies of AI implementation in management, providing insights into the practical applications of AI in different management contexts. The paper will conclude with a summary of the key findings, implications for future research, and final thoughts and recommendations for practitioners. This review paper aims to provide a comprehensive analysis of the applicability of AI in the field of management. It will explore the potential benefits of AI in management and the challenges that need to be addressed for its effective implementation. The paper will be useful for practitioners, academics, and researchers who are interested in understanding the current state and potential of AI in management. [1-3]

1.1 Applications of AI in management

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has numerous applications in management, including but not limited to the following:

1. *Data Analytics*: AI can analyze large amounts of data quickly and accurately, providing valuable insights into market trends, customer behavior, and operational performance. This can inform decision making and improve overall business performance.
2. *Decision Making*: AI can help managers make better decisions by analyzing data, identifying patterns, and predicting outcomes. For example, AI can be used to predict customer demand, optimize pricing, and identify areas for cost reduction.
3. *Process Automation*: AI can automate routine tasks, such as data entry and processing, freeing up time for managers to focus on more strategic tasks. This can improve efficiency and reduce costs.
4. *Customer Service*: AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants can provide 24/7 customer support, improving customer satisfaction and reducing the workload on human customer service representatives.
5. *Predictive Maintenance*: AI can analyze data from machines and equipment to predict when maintenance is needed, reducing downtime and improving efficiency.
6. *Fraud Detection*: AI can be used to detect fraudulent activity in financial transactions, helping to prevent losses and maintain the integrity of financial systems.

The applications of AI in management are shown in the figure 1, numerous and varied. By leveraging AI, managers can gain valuable insights, automate routine tasks, and improve decision making, ultimately leading to improved business performance.

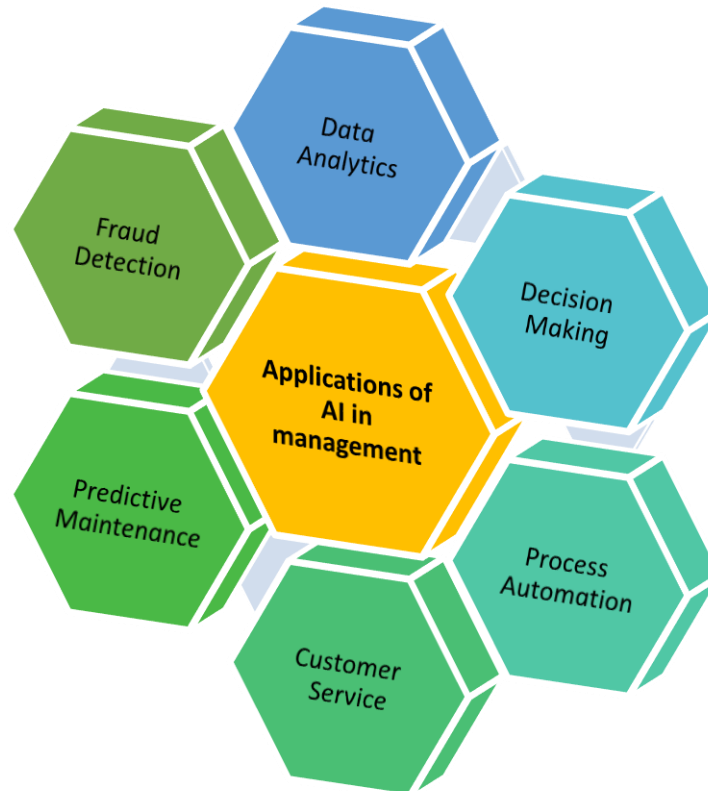


Fig 1: Applications of AI in management

1.2 Limitations and challenges of AI in management

While Artificial Intelligence (AI) has numerous potential benefits for management, there are also several limitations and challenges that need to be considered. Here are some of the key limitations and challenges of AI in management:

1. *Privacy and Security Concerns:* As AI systems increasingly rely on sensitive data, such as customer information or financial data, there are concerns around privacy and security. If not adequately secured, this data could be vulnerable to hacking or misuse, leading to reputational and financial damage.
2. *Data Quality Dependence:* The accuracy and effectiveness of AI systems rely heavily on the quality of the data that they are trained on. If the data is biased or incomplete, the AI system may produce inaccurate or biased results.
3. *Ethical Considerations:* There are ethical concerns around the use of AI, such as the potential for biased decision making, the loss of jobs due to automation, and the impact on privacy and security.
4. *Need for Human Intervention and Collaboration:* While AI can automate many routine tasks, it still requires human intervention and collaboration to be effective. Managers need to have a clear understanding of how AI can be integrated into their work processes and how to work collaboratively with AI systems.
5. *Implementation Costs:* The implementation of AI systems can be costly, requiring significant investment in hardware, software, and training. This can be a barrier for small and medium-sized businesses.

6. *Legal and Regulatory Issues:* As AI systems become more prevalent, there are increasing legal and regulatory concerns around issues such as liability, responsibility, and accountability.

The potential benefits of AI in management are significant, there are also several limitations and challenges that need to be addressed. Managers need to carefully consider these factors when implementing AI systems and work to ensure that they are used ethically and effectively.

II. Historical development of AI in management

The development of artificial intelligence (AI) in management can be traced back to the mid-20th century. In the 1950s, researchers began to explore the concept of machine learning, which involved teaching computers to learn and improve from experience without being explicitly programmed. This idea laid the foundation for the development of modern AI. In the 1960s and 1970s, AI research made significant progress, particularly in the areas of expert systems and natural language processing. Expert systems were designed to replicate the decision-making capabilities of human experts in a particular field, while natural language processing focused on enabling computers to understand and communicate in human language. In the 1980s and 1990s, AI technology began to be applied in management, particularly in areas such as logistics, inventory management, and supply chain management. Expert systems and other AI applications were used to optimize complex logistical processes and improve supply chain efficiency. In the early 2000s, the advent of big data and the development of more powerful computing technologies fueled the growth of AI in management. AI applications began to be used in a wide range of business functions, including marketing, finance, and customer service. In recent years, AI has continued to evolve rapidly, with new breakthroughs in areas such as deep learning, computer vision, and natural language processing. AI applications are now being used in an increasingly diverse range of industries, from healthcare to manufacturing to finance. While AI technology has come a long way since its inception, there are still significant challenges to overcome to fully realize its potential in management. These include issues such as data privacy, algorithmic bias, and the need for new ethical frameworks to guide the use of AI in decision-making. Nevertheless, AI is expected to play an increasingly important role in management in the coming years, enabling organizations to make more informed decisions, improve operational efficiency, and drive innovation and growth. [4-5]

2.1 Overview of the current state of AI adoption in management

Artificial intelligence (AI) adoption in management has been gaining momentum in recent years. The current state of AI adoption in management can be understood in terms of its use for decision-making, automation, optimization, innovation, and customer engagement. One of the primary uses of AI in management is for decision-making. Organizations are increasingly turning to AI to help them make better decisions. By analyzing large volumes of data, AI algorithms can provide insights that human analysts may miss, helping organizations make more informed decisions. Another important use of AI in management is for automation. AI can be used to automate routine tasks, such as data entry, inventory management, and customer service. This helps reduce the workload of human employees and frees them up to focus on more value-added tasks. AI is also being used for optimization in management. Organizations are using AI to optimize business processes and operations, including areas such as supply chain management, logistics, and resource allocation. By leveraging AI, organizations can identify inefficiencies and streamline operations to reduce costs and increase efficiency. In addition to its uses for decision-making, automation, and optimization, AI is also being

used for innovation in management. AI can help organizations identify new opportunities and create solutions that were previously impossible. By using AI, organizations can develop new products and services that are more responsive to changing customer needs and market trends. [6-8]

Finally, AI is being used for customer engagement in management. Organizations are using AI-powered chatbots, virtual assistants, and personalized marketing campaigns to engage with customers more effectively. By using AI, organizations can improve customer satisfaction and loyalty, while reducing the workload of human employees. Despite the benefits of AI adoption in management, there are also challenges and concerns that need to be addressed. These include issues such as data privacy, algorithmic bias, and the ethical use of AI in decision-making. Organizations need to ensure that they have the necessary infrastructure and expertise to effectively implement AI solutions and mitigate these risks. AI adoption in management is growing rapidly, with a range of applications for decision-making, automation, optimization, innovation, and customer engagement. However, organizations need to be aware of the challenges and concerns associated with AI adoption and ensure that they have the necessary infrastructure and expertise to effectively leverage AI solutions. [9-10]

2.2 Advantages and Disadvantages of AI in Management: Opportunities and Challenges.

The advantages and disadvantages are shown in the table 1 of using AI in management are significant. AI algorithms can improve decision-making by analyzing large volumes of data and generating insights that would be difficult for humans to identify. This can enhance productivity by automating routine tasks and freeing up employees to focus on higher-value activities. Additionally, AI can facilitate innovation by enabling organizations to experiment with new ideas and strategies in a safe and controlled environment. Finally, AI can provide real-time insights and predictions that can help organizations make more informed decisions. [11-12]

However, there are also several disadvantages of using AI in management that must be considered. One of the most significant concerns is the potential loss of jobs due to automation. While AI can automate routine tasks and enhance efficiency, it may also render some job positions obsolete. This can have a significant impact on the workforce and require organizations to retrain or reskill employees to adapt to the changing work environment.

Table 1: Advantages and Disadvantages of AI in Management.

Advantages	Disadvantages
Improves decision-making by analyzing large volumes of data	Potential loss of jobs due to automation
Enhances productivity by automating routine tasks	Lack of transparency and accountability in AI algorithms
Facilitates innovation by enabling organizations to experiment with new ideas and strategies	Requires large volumes of high-quality data to function accurately
Provides real-time insights and predictions	Cost of implementing and maintaining AI systems can be expensive

Another concern is the lack of transparency and accountability in AI algorithms. The complexity of AI models can make it difficult for managers and employees to understand how the models arrive at their conclusions. This can create a lack of trust in the AI system and impede its adoption.

Furthermore, the success of AI in management is heavily dependent on the availability and quality of data. AI algorithms require large volumes of high-quality data to function accurately. If the data is biased, incomplete, or outdated, the AI models may produce inaccurate or unreliable results, which can lead to poor decision-making. [13-14]

Finally, implementing and maintaining AI systems can be expensive. The cost of acquiring the necessary hardware, software, and personnel to manage and operate AI systems can be a significant investment for organizations.

While the advantages of using AI in management are significant, it is essential to consider the potential disadvantages and limitations of AI as well. By doing so, organizations can make informed decisions about how to implement and leverage AI to optimize their performance and achieve their goals. [15]

III. Discussion

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has the potential to revolutionize the field of management by enabling organizations to optimize their decision-making processes, automate routine tasks, and enhance their overall performance. AI can be applied in various domains of management, such as marketing, finance, operations, and human resources, to name a few. However, the applicability of AI in management is not without its limitations and challenges, which must be critically analyzed to fully understand its potential impact. One of the key challenges of implementing AI in management is the availability and quality of data. AI algorithms require large volumes of high-quality data to learn and make accurate predictions. However, organizations may not always have access to the necessary data, or the data may be biased, incomplete, or outdated. In such cases, the AI models may produce inaccurate or unreliable results, which can lead to poor decision-making. Another challenge of AI in management is the potential loss of jobs due to automation. While AI can automate routine tasks and enhance efficiency, it may also render some job positions obsolete. This can have a significant impact on the workforce and require organizations to retrain or reskill employees to adapt to the changing work environment. Moreover, the complexity of AI algorithms can make it difficult for managers and employees to understand how the models arrive at their conclusions. This can create a lack of transparency and accountability, which can erode trust in the AI system and impede its adoption. Despite these challenges, the potential benefits of AI in management cannot be ignored. AI can improve decision-making by analyzing large volumes of data, identifying patterns and trends, and generating insights that would be difficult for humans to identify. It can also enhance productivity by automating routine tasks, freeing up employees to focus on higher-value activities. Furthermore, AI can facilitate innovation by enabling organizations to experiment with new ideas and strategies in a safe and controlled environment. The applicability of AI in management is a topic of great interest and importance. While the challenges and limitations of AI must be acknowledged, the potential benefits of AI are too great to ignore. By critically analyzing the applicability of AI in the field of management, we can better understand its potential impact, address its limitations and challenges, and identify opportunities for innovation and growth.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the application of AI in management has grown significantly in recent years, with organizations leveraging its capabilities for decision-making, automation, optimization, innovation, and customer engagement. However, AI adoption also presents challenges and limitations, including issues of data privacy, algorithmic bias, and ethical concerns. The historical development of AI in management has seen a gradual evolution from basic rule-based systems to more complex machine learning and deep learning algorithms. Currently, the state of AI adoption in management is characterized by its increasing use across a range of industries and functions, including marketing, finance, operations, and supply chain management. While AI offers many advantages to management, including increased efficiency, cost savings, and improved customer engagement, there are also potential disadvantages and challenges that must be addressed. These include issues of algorithmic bias, the need for significant investment in infrastructure and expertise, and the ethical use of AI in decision-making. To fully realize the potential of AI in management, organizations need to be aware of these challenges and work to mitigate their risks. This requires a thoughtful and strategic approach to AI adoption that considers the unique needs and characteristics of each organization. Ultimately, the successful implementation of AI in management will depend on organizations' ability to balance the potential benefits with the risks and limitations associated with its use.

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